

Unit 1 Effects of Trade	Unit 1 Effects of Trade				
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions (skills)	Success Criteria (content)	Essential Vocabulary	Classroom Resource Links	
Explain continuities and changes within the religion, ideology, science and arts of empires and nation-states in multiple global regions between 1300-1750. Assess how inter- and intra-regional interactions shaped the development of empires and cultures in multiple global regions between 1300-1750.	We are learning how to apply the characteristics of SPICE to study history for the year.	I can describe and compare the basic ideas of the SPICE characteristics.	Enduring Vocab: Social Political Intellectual Cultural Economic	SPICE Google Slides SPICE Chart for the year SPICE Practice SPICE Word Sort	
HS.E.ST.3 Explain how international economic trends and policies affect political, social and economic conditions in various nations. HS.G.MM.1 Analyze how cultural, economic and environmental factors contribute to migration patterns and population distribution at multiple scales. HS.WH.CH.3 Analyze changes and continuities within and among the Indian Ocean Maritime System, Trans-Saharan System and Silk Roads due to technology and the opening of the Atlantic System between 1300-1750.	We are learning to evaluate map data and primary sources to determine continuities and changes in world trade routes from 1300-1750.	I can explain the effects of increased human interaction because of trade along the Silk Roads, Trans-Saharan Network, Indian Ocean Trade Network, and Atlantic Trade Network.	Content Vocab: Silk Roads Trans-Saharan Indian Ocean Trade Mediterranean Sea Enduring Vocab: Trade	Day 1 <u>Silk Road Reading</u> <u>Silk Road Questions & SPICE</u> Day 2 <u>Trans-Saharan Trade Slides</u> <u>Trans-Saharan Trade Notes</u> <u>Map and Reading Activity</u> Day 3 <u>Trade routes Jigsaw</u> <u>Jigsaw Student Page</u>	



HS.WH.CE.1 Examine effects of the movement of people, cultures, goods, diseases and technologies through established systems of connection, including the Silk Roads, Trans-Saharan Trade Routes and Indian Ocean Maritime System between 1300-1450.	We are learning to evaluate secondary sources to determine causes and impacts of changes due to Trade.	I can identify and explain the impacts of changes created in AfroEurasia because of increased trade in the late middle ages.	Content Vocab: Black Death	Watch ManKind the Story of US: Plague on the History Channel. It starts part way through the episode following how it started in China. <u>Black Plague Video Questions</u> <u>Black Plague SPICE Reading</u>	
Summative Assessment					
Review Test					



Unit 2: Exploration	Unit 2: Exploration			
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions (skills)	Success Criteria (content)	Essential Vocabulary	Classroom Resource Links
HS.WH.CH.2 Explain continuities and changes within the religion, ideology, science and arts of empires and nation-states in multiple global regions between 1300-1750.	We are learning how European society and political structures were shaped by the Renaissance and Reformation.	I can analyze the effects of the Renaissance and Reformation in Europe	Renaissance Humanism Reformation Secularism Gutenberg Printing Press	Renaissance and Reformation Student Questions
HS.WH.CH.1 Analyze the rise and fall of major states and empires in Africa, Asia, the Middle East, Europe and the Americas between 1300- 1500. HS.WH.CE.2 Analyze the political, economic, geographic and social causes and effects of exploration and colonization between 1450-1750.	We are learning to explain the changes and continuities between the ideologies, science and arts of the Americas.	I can compare and contrast the religion, ideology, science and arts of the Aztec, Incan and Mayan Empires.	Aztec Inca Francisco Pizzaro Hernan Cortes Terrace farming Quipus	Aztec and Inca Reading Aztec & Inca Student Questions
HS.WH.CE.2 Analyze the political, economic, geographic and social causes and effects of exploration and colonization between 1450-1750.	We are learning to evaluate primary sources to determine the economic and social effects of exploration and colonization.	I can analyze the effects of European exploration and colonization.	Columbian exchange Encomienda Small Pox Conquistador Colony Mercantilism	Day 1 Introduction to Exploration Exploration Notes Motives for Exploration Identification Day 2 Columbian Exchange Google Site Columbian Exchange Webquest Day 3 Conquistadors Reading Video follows from Mankind the



HS.WH.CH.5 Analyze how continuities in the desire for cheap labor led to the institution of slavery and other systems of forced labor across the globe between 1300-1888.	We are learning to evaluate primary sources to determine the impacts of forced labor systems on human rights and social demographics.	I can describe the cause and effects of new labor systems and forced migration.	Triangle Trade African Slave Trade Chattel Slavery Middle Passage	Story of Use Slave Trade Google Slide Slave Trade Notes Slave Trade Statistics Google Slide Activity Questions for Activity	
Summative Assessment					
Review Test					



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Unit 3: Revolutions	Unit 3: Revolutions				
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary		
HS.WH.CH.6 Analyze changes and continuities regarding views of government power and accepted sources of legitimacy in multiple global regions from 1750- present	We are learning to describe and apply the characteristics of absolute monarchs.	I can apply the characteristics of an absolute monarch to a historical example. (Divine Right of Kings, Centralizing Power, Taxes, National Armies)	Vocab: Absolutism Divine Right	Absolutism Google Slides Absolutism Student Notes Absolutism Examples Matching	
HS.WH.CE.4 Analyze causes and effects of political revolutions in multiple global regions from 1750-present. HS.C.CV.2 Assess how the expansion of civic virtues, democratic principles, constitutional rights and human rights influence the thoughts and actions of individuals and groups.	We are learning to explain the ideas that changed views on government power.	I can explain the continuities and changes in views on government following the Enlightenment.	Vocab: Enlightenment Philosophy Natural Rights Scientific Revolution Catholic Church	Day 1 <u>English Revolution Google</u> <u>Slides</u> <u>English Revolution Notes</u> Day 2 <u>Enlightenment Google Site</u> <u>Cloze Reading Notes</u> <u>Book Cover Activity</u>	
HS.C.RR.1 Evaluate the civic responsibilities of individuals within a society. HS.C.RR.2 Explain how active citizens can affect the lawmaking process locally, nationally and internationally. HS.WH.CO.1 Assess how inter- and intra-regional interactions shaped the	We are learning to evaluate the causes and effects of revolutions in England and America.	I can evaluate the effectiveness of the English political reforms in addressing the concerns of the English	Vocab: English Bill of Rights Parliament Mercantilism Independence Declaration of Independence Taxation Lafayette	American Revolution Reading	



development of empires and cultures in multiple global regions between 1300-1750.				
HS.WH.CO.2 Analyze examples of conflict created by global expansionist policies and actions between 1750-1945 across global regions.				
HS.WH.CH.6 Analyze changes and continuities regarding views of government power and accepted sources of legitimacy in multiple global regions from 1750-present				
HS.WH.CE.4 Analyze causes and effects of political revolutions in multiple global regions from 1750- present.				
Summative Assessment				
Review Test	Review Test			



Unit 4: Revolutions in the Americas				
KAS	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary	Class Resource Links
 HS.C.RR.1 Evaluate the civic responsibilities of individuals within a society. HS.C.RR.2 Explain how active citizens can affect the lawmaking process locally, nationally and internationally. HS.WH.CO.1 Assess how inter- and intra-regional interactions shaped the development of empires and cultures in multiple global regions between 1300-1750. HS.WH.CO.2 Analyze examples of conflict created by global expansionist policies and actions between 1750-1945 across global regions. HS.WH.CH.6 Analyze changes and continuities regarding views of government power and accepted sources of legitimacy in multiple global regions from 1750-present. HS.WH.CE.4 Analyze causes and effects of political revolutions in multiple global regions from 1750- present. 	We are learning to evaluate the causes and effects of French Revolutions. We are learning to compare primary sources to help describe the expansion of human rights during the Haitian Revolution. We are learning to evaluate the causes and effects of revolution in Latin America.	I can evaluate the effectiveness of the French political reforms in addressing the concerns of the French people at that time. (Estates General, three estates, taxes, influence of American Revolution Ideas, Storming the Bastille, Women's March, Reign of Terror, Napoleon, Directory, Congress of Vienna) I can evaluate the effectiveness of the Haitian political reforms in addressing the concerns of the Haitian people at that time. (Causes-Slavery, influence of French Revolution, Sugar, plantations, racial differences, Toussaint L'Ouverture) I can evaluate the effectiveness of the Latin American political reforms	Three Estates Guillotine Declaration of Rights of Man & Woman Napoleon Toussaint L'Ouverture Racial/Social Hierarchy Simon Bolivar	Day 1 Causes of the French RevolutionDay 2 Progression of the French Revolution Google Slides Progression of the French Revolution NotesDay 3 Haitian Revolution Google Slides Haitian Revolution NotesDay 4 Revolutions in Latin America Chart using SAVVAS bookComparing the Revolutions and Review



Effects of Trade Exploration Revolutions Industrialization Imperialism WWI WWII Cold War Decolonization Globalization

	in addressing the concerns of the Latin American people at that time. (Creole, Mestizo, Mulatto, letter from Jamaica, Simon Bolivar, Gran Colombia, Tupac Amaru II Peruvian Rebellion, Jose de San Martin , Fr. Miguel Hidalgo Mercantilism)	
Summative		
Review Test		

END OF SEMESTER 1



uNIT 5: Industrialization				
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary	Class Resource Links
HS.WH.CE.5 Analyze the political, social and economic causes and effects of early industrialization in Europe and North America between 1750-1850.	We are learning to evaluate the impacts of the Industrial Revolution on the growth of cities. We are learning how the environment in Europe shaped and was also shaped by the Industrial Revolution.	I can describe the reasons for the growth of urban centers and evaluate the social impacts of urbanization. (agricultural technology, crop rotation, enclosure movement) I can explain how the environment in Europe shaped and was also	Vocab: Cottage Industry (Domestic System) Enclosure Movement Industrialization Coal Iron Rivers Raw Materials/Manufactured Goods Cash Crops	Causes of the Industrial Revolution Google Slides Causes of the Industrial Revolution Student Notes Industrial Revolution Video with Questions ***Excellent visuals and overview but play on a slower speed
continuities and changes within the religion, ideology, science and arts of empires and nation-states in multiple global regions between 1300-1750.	We are learning how the new technologies of the Industrial Revolution both created new problems and solved existing problems.	 shaped by the Industrial Revolution. (Pollution, canals, railroad, coal, roads) I can identify new technologies created by Industrialization. I can describe how the new technologies created new problems for Industrial society. I can describe how new technologies solved existing problems in Industrial society. 	Colonies Vocab: Spinning jenny Steam engines Locomotives Steamboats Cotton gin Urbanization Migration	New Technology Google Slides New Technology Notes New Invention Speaking



HS.E.MI.4 Compare the roles of consumers and producers in the product, labor and financial markets and the economy as a whole. HS.WH.CE.5 Analyze the political, social and economic causes and effects of early industrialization in Europe and North America between 1750-1850.	We are learning how society changed due to industrialization	I can explain how society and the economy changed due to industrialization. (Women in the workplace, education, science, sanitation, medicine, breakdown of the family structure, capitalism, communism, socialism)	Content: Capitalism Marxism Socialism Suffrage Land, Labor, and Capital Factory Pollution Gender Roles Patriarchy Child labor	Day 1 <u>Economic Google Slides</u> <u>New Economics Graphic</u> <u>Organizer</u> Day 2 <u>New Society Stations</u> <u>New Society Questions</u> ***Works well as a group activity		
Summative Assessment						
Review Test	Review Test					



Imperialism (1750-1900)				
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary	Class Resource Links
HS.WH.CO.5 Analyze how advancements in communication, technology and trade impact global interactions from 1900-present. HS.G.MM.1 Analyze how cultural, economic and environmental factors contribute to migration patterns and population distribution at multiple scales.	We are identifying and explaining the causes of imperialism.	I can analyze two or more primary sources to explain the motives for imperialism. (White Man's Burden, Social Darwinism, Berlin Conference, raw materials)	Content: Cottage Industry (Domestic System) Enclosure Movement Industrialization Urbanization	Introduction Google Slide Introduction Notes and Student Activity to identify motives for imperialism
HS.G.HE.2 Analyze how human settlements are influenced by or influence the relationship between people and the environment. HS.WH.CO.2 Analyze examples of conflict created by global expansionist policies and actions between 1750-1945 across global regions.	We are describing the events of Imperialism in Africa. We are describing characteristics of African Resistance	I can describe the social, political and economic methods of imperialization in Africa. (weapons like the Maxim gun + quinine medicine allow european King Leopold and the Congo/ borders drawn for countries by Europeans/Stipulations for Colonization) I can describe examples of African Resistance (open rebellion vs. subtle resistance)	Content: Coal Iron Rivers Ethiopia (Battle of Adowa) Zulu Ashanti rebellion	Imperialism of Africa Notes Use the second half of the google slide from Day 1 for students to complete notes <u>Africa Map to Color</u>
HS.G.HI.2 Analyze how	We can describe the	I can describe the social,	Content Vocab:	Imperialism of Asia Google



cultural and economic decisions influence the characteristics of various places HS.WH.CE.7 Examine the ways non-industrialized nations attempted to combat the rising power of European Imperialism between 1750-1900. HS.G.HI.1 Analyze how the forces of cooperation and conflict within and among people, nations and empires influence the division and control of Earth's surface and resources	events of Imperialism in Asia We can analyze the effects of imperialism in Asia.	political and economic methods of imperialization in Asia. I can describe how trying to maintain a favorable balance of trade leads to exploitation and compare how various nations responded to Western Imperialism. (British dominance in China and India, European industrial influence on Ottoman Empire and other Middle Eastern countries) Extension - Hawaii and Philippines, Latin America (Monroe Doctrine, Roosevelt Corollary, Spanish-American War), Egypt	Sphere of Influence Opium Wars British East India Company Raj Taiping Rebellion Boxer Rebellion Meiji Restoration Sepoy Rebellion	Slides Student Notes Imperialism in Japan Student Activity Struggles Against Imperialism
Summative Assess	ment			
Review Test				



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Effects of Trade Exploration Revolutions Industrialization Imperialism WWI WWII Cold War Decolonization Globalization

World War I					
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary	Class Resource Links	
HS.WH.CE.8 Determine the causes of the World Wars and their global effects between 1900-1945.	We can evaluate the causes of WWI.	I can evaluate the significance of the causes of WWI. (MANIA Causes: Militarism, Alliances, Nationalism, Imperialism and the Assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand- kids debate- most choose Militarism or Alliances as the most significant cause)	Vocab: Militarism Alliances Imperialism Nationalism (MAIN)	Intro Google Slides Student Notes (includes optional propaganda activity) Student Map Activity	
HS.WH.CH.4 Analyze the connections between industrialization and the development of total war between 1900-1950.	We can evaluate how new technologies impacted WWI.	I can analyze changes and continuities in technology used in global interactions during WWI. (focus on Change as as a result of Industrialization Continuities: People are still trying to kill each other, Changes: mass production of weapons and food supplies, new technology/ mechanization of warfare increasing over time (gas + planes + first subs)=,	Vocab: Trench warfare Chemical Warfare Total War Mechanization of Weapons Propaganda	Trench Warfare Slides Student Notes US Entry Video and Questions	



		increase mortality (machine guns + barbed wire) + responses to this (tanks)			
HS.WH.CH.6 Analyze changes and continuities regarding views of government power and accepted sources of legitimacy in multiple global regions from 1750- present.	We can evaluate the fairness of the terms of the Treaty of Versailles and understand the possible impacts	I can create a claim with evidence to argue if the Treaty of Versailles was just.	Vocab: 14 Points Treaty of Versailles League of Nations Reparations Mandate system	End WWI Student Pages	
Summative Assessment					
Review Test					



World War II					
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary		
HS.WH.CE.8 Determine the causes of the World Wars and their global effects between 1900-1945.	We are learning to explain the global causes and effects of the Great Depression. We are learning about the conditions that led to the rise of the Totalitarian Regimes?	I can explain the causes and global impacts of the Great Depression. (WWI, war guilt clause, stock market crash, inflation- consequences rise of fascism) I can compare Totalitarian Regimes. (Characteristics of Fascism- Hitler, Mussolini; Communism - Stalin)	Vocab: Appeasement Isolationism Totalitarianism Fascism Communist Economy Propaganda Imperialism	Characteristics of a Dictator Google Slides Student Notes Dictators in Europe Student Chart Dictators in Europe Reading Day 2 Rise of Hitler Google Slides Rise of Hitler Notes Political Cartoon and Appeasement Analysis	
HS.WH.CO.5 Analyze how advancements in communication, technology and trade impact global interactions from 1900-present.	We are learning about the European and Pacific Theaters.	I can describe how events created turning points in the war. (two front war, island hopping, Axis not gaining oil fields in Russia, Allies getting access to mainland Europe)	Island Hopping Kamikaze Normandy Stalingrad Midway Iwo Jima Fronts	<u>Major Battles Reading</u> <u>Major Battles Chart</u>	
HS.WH.CH.4 Analyze the connections between industrialization and the development of total war	We are learning to evaluate the human cost of World Wars by	I can analyze sources to answer the question, "What was	Holocaust Atomic Bomb Genocide	Holocaust Google Slides Holocaust Student Page	



between 1900- 1950.	examining the casualties (both military and civilian) throughout the entire period of the wars	the human cost of War?"	Judaism			
HS.WH.CE.8 Determine the causes of the World Wars and their global effects between 1900-1945	We are learning the lasting economic, political, and social impacts of WWII	I can explain the intended and unintended consequences of WWII. (intended: end of fascism, spread of democracy, unintended: power divide between US and USSR-	Nuremberg Trials United Nations Nuclear Capabilities Potsdam Conference Diplomacy Balance of Power	End of World War II book work using SAVVAS		
Summative Assessment						
Review Test						



Communist Revolu	Communist Revolutions & Cold War					
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary	Class Resource Links		
HS.WH.CO.3 Analyze how superpower rivalries created new political alliances, led to proxy wars and resulted in the rise of international organizations from 1950- present.	We are learning to evaluate the conditions in Russia that led to Revolution.	I can describe changes and continuities of government power in Russia. I can explain how Communism and Capitalism address the political and economic issues of the 20th century differently.	Communism Capitalism Marxism Socialism Labor Movements	Student Reading and timeline activity I do this during the WWI unit and it is included in the WWI test.		
HS.WH.CO.6 Analyze methods used by state and non-state actors seeking to alter the global order which emerged during the post-World War period, including protests, social media campaigns, non-violent actions, boycotts, terrorism, guerilla warfare and other methods from 1945- present.	We are learning to describe how communism impacted China in the post World War period.	I can describe changes and continuities in China's communist system. (Continuities: powerful state, people do what they are told	Cultural Revolution Great Leap Forward Nationalist Party People's Republic of China Tiananmen Square Confucianism Communism Collectivization	Beginning and Progress of Cold War Google SiteIntro Cold War (First page of Google Site) Student QuestionsORStudent Worksheet for the entire Google Site (preferred)		
HS.WH.CO.3 Analyze how superpower rivalries created new political alliances, led to	We are learning to analyze the impact of proxy wars during the	I can analyze the causes of the spread of Communism and	Proxy War Korea Cuba	Progression of the Cold War Google Slides OR continue with the		



proxy wars and resulted in the rise of international organizations from 1950- present. HS.WH.CO.6 Analyze methods used by state and non-state actors seeking to alter the global order which emerged during the post-World War period, including protests, social media campaigns, non-violent actions, boycotts, terrorism, guerilla warfare and other methods from 1945- present.	Cold War.	the impacts of Proxy Wars in these locations.	Vietnam Cambodia Guerilla warfare Containment	previous google site Student Questions
HS.WH.CO.6 Analyze methods used by state and non-state actors seeking to alter the global order which emerged during the post-World War period, including protests, social media campaigns, non-violent actions, boycotts, terrorism, guerilla warfare and other methods from 1945- present.	We are describing why the Cold War ended.	I can explain the causes of the end of the Cold War.	Mutually Assured Destruction (MAD) Arms race / Nuclear power Space race Detente Perestroika Glasnost Berlin Wall Capitalism Free Market Economics	End of the Cold War Google Slides End of the Cold War Student Notes
Summative Assessment				
Review Test (does not include the Russian Revolution)				



Decolonization						
KAS Standards	Learning Intentions	Success Criteria	Essential Vocabulary	Class Resource Links		
HS.WH.CE.9 Analyze the causes of Decolonization, methods of gaining independence and geopolitical impacts of new nation-states from 1945-present.	We are learning to explain how colonies fought for sovereignty from 1945 to the present. We are learning to assess how effectively international institutions fostered agreements which lead to decolonization.	I can describe what motivated the global fight for sovereignty. (Fall out from WWI/Ending European Imperialism in Europe/defeating Hitler, Europeans Out of Money and People, Colonies promised independence for fighting but no follow through/respect, rise of mass media to allow changed messaging/new ideas) I can assess the effectiveness of international institutions. (UN, World Bank, IMF= Good in theory, lots of good ideas,helped speed up decolonization, Bad= Spread of Cold war, no muscle to actually prevent/stop violence)	CIvil Disobedience / Non-Violent resistance Sovereignty Colonization Imperialism United Nations NATO Warsaw Pact Colonization Imperialism			



HS.WH.CE.9 Analyze the causes of Decolonization, methods of gaining independence and geopolitical impacts of new nation-states from 1945-present.	We are learning to analyze the problems that arose during and after decolonization. We are learning how decolonization impacted human rights locally, nationally and internationally.	I can assess the effectiveness of peaceful decolonization efforts. (look at parentheses in content vocab for guidance) I can analyze two or more primary sources to describe the problems that former colonies face during the decolonization process. (Rwanda, Congo, Israel/Palestine, India/Pakistan, Afghanistan, Sudan/South Sudan, South Africa)	India (Passive) Israel (Kids decide!!) Ghana (Negotiated) Algeria (Violent) South Africa (Violent & Peaceful) Colonization Imperialism Violent vs Non-Violent Protest Ethnic cleansing Apartheid Arab-Israeli Conflict Mandate System Zionism Genocide Universal Declaration of Human Rights Decolonization Human Rights	
Summative Assessr	nent			

Globalization	Estimated Time Frame:
Inquiry Standards and Interdisciplin	ary Literacy Practices



Big Idea

The focus of World History is the investigation of how connections made across cultures impacted the development of World History. In this modern world/globalization unit, students will learn the modern implications of globalization through the connections of technology, culture, governments & economics. Students will learn to respectfully discuss the impacts of globalization in our world today by examining recent events such as Brexit, pop culture, terrorism and continued inequalities around the world.

Prerequisite skills and knowledge

As the summative unit for the year, students should have the historical thinking skills ready to apply the themes of World History within the unit to review major continuities and changes in World History as they prepare to go to US History as juniors.

Compelling Question

Supporting **Learning Intentions Success Criteria Essential Vocabulary KAS Standards Ouestions** HS.E.ST.3 Explain We are learning to analyze I can assess how new Globalization What are the how international how economic trends and forms of technology Developed country economic results economic trends policies affect international change the way nations Developing country of globalization? and policies affect Underdeveloped country relations. interact. (Internet + Phones= faster political, social Internet and economic ordering, Container Smartphones conditions in Shipping and Planes= **Container Shipping** Industrial Revolution Cheaper movement) various nations. **Technological Development** We are learning to describe Human dignity What are the HS.WH.CO.5 I can create a claim and Analyze how how globalization impacts support about how Inequality social results of human dignity and rights. human dignity is impacted Natural Rights advancements in globalization? communication. by globalization. Terrorism technology and (Developing nations mass Islamophobia We are learning to evaluate

What are the challenges and opportunities created by globalization?



	trade impact global interactions from 1900-present.	how society has adapted to increasingly radical beliefs and ideologies.	produce items at low cost with threats to human safety and the environment while Developed nations benefit)	Anti-Semitism
			I can use two or more primary sources to analyze how societies have adapted and responded to increasingly radical beliefs and ideology. (The rise of terrorism + populism + radicalization in many areas + protectionism in response to loss of opportunity caused by Imperialism/ Globalism)	
What are the political results of globalization?	HS.WH.CH.7 Evaluate how non-Westernized empires and nations adapted and developed Western technologies and industrial practices to fit new cultural contexts from	We are learning to analyze how economic trends and policies affect international relations.	I can analyze how globalization impacted international relations. (Smaller countries joining together to create free-trade blocs that smooth/regulate trade for all→ ex MF+ MultiNational Trade Agreements + EU + World Trade Organization)	European Union Asian Tigers Multinational Corporations NATO Treaties Free Market Economics



	1850-present.				
Summative Assess	Summative Assessment				
Anchor Question Ba	ank link (items tied to p	oower standards) (<i>Link to</i> (Commoi	n Unit Assessment)	
Anchor Materials (bolded mandatory by	state)	Resou	rces	
Savvas World Histor DBQ Project	ſy		<u>Global</u> <u>Maines</u>		